



Section 1: The Beginnings

Notes:

- **Genesis** means _____. In this book you find the beginnings of the world, humans and the people of God.
- **Exodus** means _____. The people of God exit Egypt and head to the Promised land.
- **Leviticus** has all the _____ and _____ for the people of God.
 - **Trivia:** How many laws are in the Jewish law system? _____
- **Numbers** is a genealogy of the people of God. It is the story of how they began to wander in the desert for _____ years.
- **Deuteronomy** means _____ law. It is a recap of the laws and wraps up the journey to the Promised Land.

- **Joshua** is the book that takes the people of God into the _____ Land.
- **Judges** is the story of God calling people as military leaders to help defend the nation of Israel after Joshua and before they elected a King. Two famous Judges are Gideon and _____.
- **Ruth** tells about a _____ woman marrying into a Jewish family. We see the culture of the Jewish people and how they interact as family.
 - **Trivia:** Joshua, Judges and Ruth take place before there is an elected _____.
- **1 Samuel** is the book that shows the first king of Israel, King _____.
- **2 Samuel** is the book that shows King _____ rise to power.
- **1 Kings** shows us the reign of King _____, David's son.
- **2 Kings** tell what happened after King _____.
- **1 & 2 Chronicles** are a recap of 2 Samuel and 1&2 Kings. Again it is a recap of the histories going back to _____.
- **Ezra** is what happens 70 years later when the nation of Israel is in _____.
- **Nehemiah** is about the return to _____ to rebuild the walls.
- **Esther** is a Jewish cultural story about an orphan who becomes _____ and saves the Jewish people from extinction.



Section 2: The History

Notes:



Section 3: The Wisdom

Notes:

- **Job** is an epic tale about a man dealing with devastation and learning to _____ God.
- **Psalms** are _____, hymns or prayers written primarily by David and cover the emotions we feel when living out our faith.
- **Proverbs** are short practical sayings focused on _____.
- **Ecclesiastes** is a _____ of teachings about the meaning of life and how God fits into it.
- **Song of Solomon** is a series of intimate _____ poems between two lovers.



Section 4: The Prophets

Notes:

- **Isaiah** is a call to return to true _____ or face judgement.
- **Jeremiah** calls out the Judah for their _____ failures.
- **Lamentations** is a sorrowful _____ about Jerusalem.
- **Ezekiel** focuses on the _____ of Jerusalem.
- **Daniel** focuses on a life lived by _____.
- **Hosea** is a _____ object lesson to the nation of Israel where he is asked to marry a prostitute to show their unfaithfulness.
- **Joel** describes God's coming _____ with terrifying imagery.
- **Amos** told Israel that they had grown _____ and hypocritical.
- **Obadiah** was written against the nation of _____.
- **Jonah** was to deliver his message to _____.
(He was the one that got swallowed by a big fish.)
- **Micah** was a call for _____ living.
- **Nahum** was for Judah to remind them of God's _____.
- **Habakkuk** wrestles with tough questions through _____.
- **Zephaniah** was for Judah to rejoice their turning back to _____.
- **Haggai** was for the exiles to remind them _____ is still with them.
- **Zechariah** reminds the exiles about the coming _____.
- **Malachi** reminds the people of their need for a _____.

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Worksheet Page 2



Section 5: The Gospels

Notes:

- **Matthew** is written for a believing _____ audience and focuses on the fulfillment of prophecy of Jesus, the Messiah.
- **Mark** focuses on Jesus' _____ on earth with action stories.
- **Luke** is a historical account of _____ life with lots of details.
- **John** is an intimate look into the _____ life of Jesus.



Section 6: The Letters

Notes:

- **Acts** introduces the _____, and the start of the church. Plus we learn about Paul and his missionary journeys.
- **Romans** was written to Rome and is a breakdown of _____ or system of beliefs for Christians.
- **1 & 2 Corinthians** was sent to the corrupt church at _____ and shows Christians how to live in a culture but remain faithful.
- **Galatians** was written to the church at _____ warning them about false teachings and asks them to return to the grace of Christ.
- **Ephesians** was written to the church at _____ bringing them back from legalism to salvation and unity in the church.
- **Philippians** was written to the church at _____. It is an encouraging book about being faithful and living as disciples of Christ.
- **Colossians** was written to the church at _____ bringing them back to the fact that Jesus more than man and is in fact God.
- **1 & 2 Thessalonians** was written to a new church at _____ which talks about the second coming and reminds people to live faithfully.
- **1 & 2 Timothy** were written for a young leader named _____. He talks about how the church should operate and encourages Timothy.
- **Titus** was written for _____ who was working in Crete. Paul gives him leadership advice and personal encouragement much like Timothy.
- **Philemon** was written for a _____ who became a believer.
- **Hebrews** was written to Jewish _____ helping the focus on salvation, grace and faith rather than rules and regulations. (Hebrew means Jew)
- **James** was Jesus' _____ on earth. He gives practical advice on living the Christian life in a matter of fact manner.
- **1 & 2 Peter** was written by _____ during suffering and persecution. He focuses on the hope of eternal life.

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Worksheet Page 3

- **1,2, & 3 John** written by Jesus' earthly brother _____ to encourage a persecuted church and shows new believers how to live the Christian life in tough times. (Persecuted means harassed for your beliefs.)
- **Jude** was by another of Jesus' earthly brothers named _____. He warns about false teacher and speaks against immorality.

- **Revelation** is a single book with lots of detail. It is broken into three main sections.
 - Revelation 1-3 talks specifically to the seven _____ where he talks about their good qualities or weaknesses and gives specific instructions.
 - Revelation 4-20 describes the spiritual realm. Here is where the imagery of trumpets, scrolls, bowls, etc. are shown.
 - Revelation 21-22 shows the New _____ and New _____. There is also a New Jerusalem where the people of God will live forever.



Section 6: The Letters (cont.)

Notes:



Section 7: The Revelation

Notes:

What next?

Now that you have a good overview of the entire Bible, read it!

Reading the Bible a little each day keeps your mind focused on God. Even if you just read one chapter a day, it will make a huge difference in your life.

If you are not used to reading, I suggest starting with Mark since it's story is much like we write today. He tells a story, "and then" tells another story. We see the life of Jesus laid out in little snippets of action from His life. After that book, look at the summaries and pick another book from the New Testament to read. Check it off when you have read it until you read them all.

Don't rush. It is not a race. Just plan on reading a little bit each day.

After you have read the New Testament (*you can skip Revelation if you want*), go to the Old Testament and experience the world before Jesus. Remember, the Old Testament was the only Bible Jesus read. It is important to understand the concepts from the Old Testament and how they relate to the New Testament and ultimately to Jesus who came to show the only real way to God.

I am Reverend H from Christian Business Revolution and I pray that this short study will give you the courage to strengthen your faith and dig into God's word.

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Worksheet Page 4